## TOTAL SYNTHESIS OF $(\pm)$ -SARCOPHYTOL-M

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Abstract: The total synthesis of  $(\pm)$ -sarcophytol-M, a marine cembranol, was first achieved from geraniol through twelve steps by using intramolecular nucleophilic addition of sulfur-stabilized carbanion to ketone as the key step.

(+)-Sarcophytol-M(1), a cembrane-type diterpenoid was first isolated from a soft coral (*Sarcophyton glaucum*) in 1989, and its structure was established as (3E,7E,11E, 1R)-cembra-3,7,11-trien-l-ol<sup>1</sup>. As far as we know, the total synthesis of 1 has not been reported yet. Herein we wish to describe the total synthesis of  $(\pm)$ -sarcophytol-M.

In a previous work<sup>2</sup>, intermediate 2 has been prepared from geraniol via 7 steps from which the total synthesis of cembrene -C has been succeeded. With alcohol 2 in hand, the synthetic route of  $(\pm)$ -Sarcophytol-M from 2 was outlined below:



a) CCl<sub>4</sub>, Ph<sub>3</sub>P, reflux, 78%; b) PhSNa, McOH, 80%; c) TsOH, acetone, 98%; d) LDA-THF, -78°C, 58%; c) Li-EtNH<sub>2</sub>, -78°C, 78%.

Ketal alcohol 2 was converted into its chloride 3 by chlorination usiny  $Ph_3P / CCl_4$ . 3 was subjected to nuclephilic substitution to give the corresponding sulfuride  $4^3$ . After removal of the ketal protective group, the cyclized precursor 5 was obtained in 62% overall yield from 2 via 3 steps.

Precursor 5 was cyclized using LDA in anhydrous THF at -78°C under argon atmosphere to give 6 in 58% yield. 6 was reduced with Li–EtNH<sub>2</sub><sup>4</sup> at -78°C to afford (±)–1 in 70% yield.

The intermediates 3-6 were first prepared and their structures were established by the spectral data of IR, MS and <sup>1</sup>HNMR<sup>5</sup>. The spectral data of  $(\pm)-1$  coincide with those of literature<sup>1</sup>. Thus, the total synthesis of  $(\pm)$ -sarcophytol-M was accomplished in twelve steps and in 8.9% overall yield from geraniol. The bioactive test is in progress.

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## **References and notes**

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- 5. The spectral data

3  $\delta(80MHz):0.96(d, 6H, J=6.9Hz, CH_3), 1.52(s, 3H, CH_3), 1.56(s, 3H, CH_3), 1.64(s, 3H, CH_3), 1.20-2.40(m, 13H, CH, CH_2), 3.96(d, 2H, J=7.9Hz, CH_2), 3.90(s, 4H, OCH_2CH_2O), 4.80~ 5.60(m, 3H, CH=); m / z(EI):368(M^+, 1%), 243(10), 135(17), 153(47), 93(30), 81(65), 71(100). Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Cl: C, 71.61; H, 10.11; Cl, 9.61. Found: C, 71.71; H, 10.08; Cl, 9.34.$ 

4  $v_{max}$ :740, 651(SPh)cm<sup>-1</sup>; $\delta$ (80MHz):1.00(d, 6H, J=6.9Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.46(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>),1.52(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.54(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.60-2.42(m, 13H, CH, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.46(d, 2H, J=7.6Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>SPh),3.90(s, 4H, -OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-), 5.00-5.40(m, 3H, CH=), 7.20-7.50(m, 5H, ArH)ppm; m / z(EI):442(M<sup>+</sup>, 15%), 389(20), 289(100), 261(15), 93(40), 81(60), 71(100). Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 75.97; H, 9.56; S, 7.24. Found: C, 75.68; H, 9.60; S, 7.42.

5  $v_{max}$ :1711(s, C=O), 739, 651(-SPh)cm<sup>-1</sup>;  $\delta$ (80MHz): 1.01(d, 6H, J=6.8Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.48(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.54(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.56(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.60-2.40(m, 13H, CH, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.46(d, 2H, J=7.6Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>SPh), 5.00-5.40(m, 3H, CH=), 7.2-7.5(m, 5H, ArH)ppm; m / z(EI):398(M<sup>+</sup>, 10%), 313(10), 289(100), 275(40), 153(50), 81(65), 71(100). Anal. Calcd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>38</sub>OS: C, 78.34; H, 9.61; S, 8.04. Found: C, 78.56; H, 9.62; S, 8.28.

6  $v_{max}$ :3390(s, OH), 750, 690(-SPh)cm<sup>-1</sup>; δ(80MHz): 1.04(d, 6H, J = 6.9, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.50(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.54(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.58(s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.10-2.30(m, 14H, CH, CH<sub>2</sub>, OH), 3.50(d, 1H, J = 7.6Hz, CHSPh), 4.80-5.40(m, 3H, CH = ), 7.2-7.50(m, 5H, ArH)ppm; m / z(EI):398(M<sup>+</sup>, 0.4%), 305(20), 261(10), 153(50), 93(40), 81(65), 71(100). Aanl. Calcd. for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>38</sub>OS: C, 78.34; H, 9.61; S, 8.04. Found: C, 78.29; H, 9.58; S, 8.07.

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